

Further Reading

Pedagogical Approaches to Teaching Reading Proficiency

Pre-reading Strategies

Prepare learners by activating their prior knowledge. Discussing the topic and asking what they already know helps them connect with the text. You can also encourage learners to predict the story by showing images or keywords related to the theme. Introducing key vocabulary beforehand helps learners understand the text better, as they become familiar with essential words before encountering them in context.

During-Reading Strategies

Guided reading allows you to read aloud with learners, modelling correct pronunciation and intonation. Cloze reading, where learners fill in missing words in a passage, reinforces vocabulary and comprehension. Paired reading is another useful strategy, where learners take turns reading aloud to each other. You can also pause during reading to ask comprehension questions, such as, *"What do you think will happen next?"* to encourage engagement with the text.

Post-Reading Strategies

Engage learners in summarization to deepen their understanding of the text. They can retell the main ideas in their own words to demonstrate comprehension. Story mapping, where learners use graphic organizers to break down elements like plot, characters and setting is also effective. Creative responses, such as writing a continuation or an alternative ending, allow learners to apply their understanding in a fun and imaginative way.

Adapting to Different Learner Needs

Different learners require different reading materials and strategies. For beginners, use simple texts with visuals and *pinyin* support to make reading accessible. Intermediate learners can work with longer texts and comprehension questions to build understanding. Advanced learners can analyse authentic materials like news articles to develop critical thinking. Additionally, audiobooks, digital reading tools, and online resources can make reading more interactive and engaging.